ReBOSSIS®

Composed of β-TCP, CaCO₃, silicon, and PLGA, the special formula contains 0.5% to 1% silicon by weight, which is comparable to the level found in natural bone.





ReBOSSIS is intended for use in bony voids or gaps that are not intrinsic to the stability of the bony structure. These defects may be surgically created osseous defects or osseous defects created from traumatic injury to the bone. ReBOSSIS is indicated to be packed gently into bony voids or gaps of the skeletal system (extremities, pelvis, and posterolateral spine). In the extremities and pelvis ReBOSSIS may be used without hydration or hydrated with blood. In the posterolateral spine ReBOSSIS is to be used hydrated with bone marrow aspirate and mixed with autograft bone. The device provides a bone void filler that is resorbed and replaced with host bone during the healing process.

ReBOSSIS is manufactured by ORTHOReBIRTH in Japan



REBOSSIS® THE ONLY BIOSYNTHETIC SCAFFOLD WITH ELECTROSPUN MICROFIBER CONSTRUCTION



Rebossis Repoblement of the only biosynthetic scaffold with electrospun microfiber construction

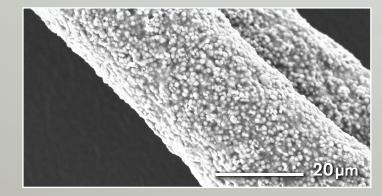
- Proven to support cell activation, retention, and proliferation
- Superior handling characteristics²
- Optimal fit and fill:
 - ReBOSSIS® offers up to 54% compression recovery®
 - Maintains integrity during and after placement

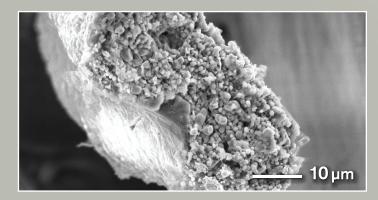
ABOUT ReBOSSIS®

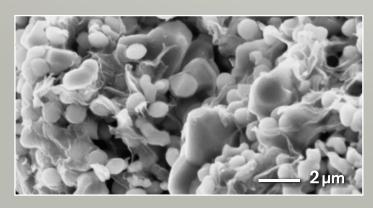
ReBOSSIS is the only biosynthetic bone scaffold with electrospun microfiber construction. Composed of β-TCP, CaCO3, silicon, and PLGA, the special formula contains 0.5% to 1% silicon by weight, which is comparable to the level found in natural bone.

The interconnected network of microporous fibers in ReBOSSIS is created by a unique and proprietary electrospinning process that produces an absorbent, biodegradable scaffold. ReBOSSIS is known for its moldable properties, as well as for its ability to retain bioactive fluids, which enhances its osteoinductive potential.





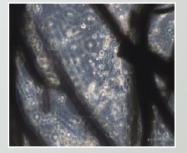


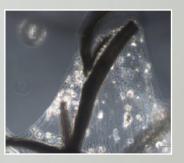


DEMONSTRATED EFFECTIVENESS

In a recent test by Dr. George Muschler, MD at the Cleveland Clinic Lerner Research Institute, osteoprogenitor cells were separated from bone marrow and were applied to ReBOSSIS fibers. The resulting cultures were carefully scrutinized at various stages. Staining and microscopic analysis showed robust cell growth migration and proliferation of cells on the fiber scaffold, indicating that cell colonies were growing and expanding on the microfibers—an early sign of bone formation. This test demonstrated that ReBOSSIS functions as an effective bone graft that supports cell vitality and adherence.









De novo ReBOSSIS fibers prior to infiltration & attachment

ECM formation - 3 days

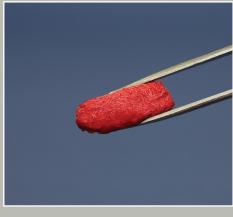
Cell colonization & attachment-11 days

PRODUCTS

Volume,dry (apporoximately)	ReBOSSIS grams	Fluid volume for hydration	Volume, after hydration (apporoximately)
10 cc	0.4g	3.2 cc	4 cc
25 cc	1.0g	8 cc	10 cc
50 cc	2.0g	16 cc	20 cc







*The volume of ReBOSSIS® decreases if the product is hydrated (optional).

Change in volume depends on specimen and hydration material.